

## Present Simple

Conjugating verbs into the present simple in English is quite easy. Always remember to put an -s at the end of he/she/it verbs.

For example with the verb *walk*.



*I walk*  
*You walk*  
*He walks*  
*She walks*  
*It walks*



*We walk*  
*You walk*  
*They walk*



1. Complete the following exercise with the correct form of the verb:

1. I \_\_\_**walk**\_\_\_\_\_ (walk) to work every morning.
2. Peter and Paul \_\_\_**eat**\_\_\_\_\_ (eat) chicken every Friday,
3. We always \_\_\_**play**\_\_\_\_\_ (play) poker at the weekend.
4. Jane \_\_\_**drinks**\_\_\_\_\_ (drink) a tea every evening.
5. My mother \_\_\_**cooks**\_\_\_\_\_ (cook) pasta every afternoon.
6. The baby \_\_\_**drinks**\_\_\_\_\_ (drink) milk.
7. The cats \_\_\_**sleeps**\_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) in the house.

Spelling rules when adding an -s

When the verb ends in -ch, -ss, -sh, -x or -zz, we add -es.

Example with the verb *wash*:

*I wash, you wash, he washes, she washes, it washes, we wash, you wash, they wash*

When the verb ends in a consonant +y we change y to i and add -es.

Example with the verb *study*:

*I study, you study, he studies, she studies, it studies, we study, you study, they study*

But when the verb ends in a vowel +y we just add -s.

Example with the verb *enjoy*:

*I enjoy, you enjoy, he enjoys, she enjoys, it enjoys, we enjoy, you enjoy, they enjoy*



2. Complete the following exercise with the correct form and spelling of the verb:

1. Jack washes (wash) his dog on Fridays.
2. Tom misses (miss) his mother.
3. She studies (study) in the morning.
4. Jane brushes (brush) her teeth twice a day.
5. He enjoys (enjoy) summer.
6. Emily watches (watch) TV in the evening.



3. Some verbs in the present simple are irregular. Take a look at the verbs below and complete the following exercise:

BE	HAVE	GO	DO
I am	I have	I go	I do
You are	You have	You go	You do
He is	He has	He goes	He does
She is	She has	She goes	She does
It is	It has	It goes	It does
We are	We have	We go	We do
You are	You have	You go	You do
They are	They have	They go	They do

I am (be) from London. I have (have) one sister. My sister is (be) a doctor and she has (have) 1 child. Her child's name is (be) Tina and she is 14 years old. Tina goes (go) to school. I go (go) to their house every weekend. We have (have) lunch together and then Tina does (do) her homework. She is a very good student!



4. We often shorten the verb *be* to speak faster. Take a look below and complete the exercise with the short form of the verb *be*:

1. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ from Germany.
2. She's \_\_\_\_\_ tired in the morning.
3. They're \_\_\_\_\_ always late.
4. We're \_\_\_\_\_ thirsty at night.
5. Jack's \_\_\_\_\_ in the bedroom.
6. You're \_\_\_\_\_ early!

Verb BE
I am = I'm
You are = You're
He is = He's
She is = She's
It is = It's
We are = We're
You are = You're
They are = They're



5. Read the paragraph below about Tom. Underline the verbs in present simple:

This **is** Tom. Tom **lives** in London. He **is** 25 years old and he **is** a model. Every morning he **wakes up** at 7am.



First he **brushes** his teeth. Then he **takes** a shower. At 8am Tom **eats** breakfast. Tom usually **eats** toast with butter for breakfast.

Tom **has** a dog. His dog's name **is** Bruno. Tom washes Bruno once a week. Bruno **is** a very nice dog. Bruno **likes** to play with a red ball. Tom and Bruno **play** with the red ball every morning.

Tom also **has** a girlfriend. Her name **is** Lisa. Lisa **is** 27 years old. She **has** blue eyes and brown hair. She **is** from Spain. Lisa **lives** and **works** in London.

Tom's parents **live** in Manchester. They have a big house in Manchester. Sometimes Tom **goes** to Manchester to visit his parents.